

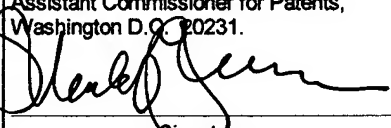
APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

for

**SELF-SEALING DISPENSING VALVE FOR
HUMIDIFIER WATER BOTTLES**

by

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SELF-SEALING DISPENSING VALVE FOR HUMIDIFIER WATER BOTTLES

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. FIELD OF INVENTION

This invention relates generally to fluid dispensing valves and more specifically to a self-sealing dispensing valve for humidifier water bottles.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

Stand-alone humidifiers, such as those commonly sold for use in homes, typically include one or more water bottles to store and provide a steady supply of water to a mechanism for humidifying air. For example, as shown in Figure 1A, the mechanism may include a fan 1, a water tray 2 and a wick 3 partially disposed within the water tray 1. Water is discharged from a water bottle 4 into the water tray 2. The wick 3 absorbs water from the water tray 2 and, in turn, supplies moisture to the air stream propelled through the mechanism by the fan 1. The water bottle 4 may be removed from the humidifier periodically or as needed for refilling, cleaning or other purposes.

The water bottle 4 for such applications typically includes a valve assembly 5 for discharging water into the humidifying mechanism. Such discharge valve assemblies typically automatically perform at least two functions: (1) when the water bottle is removed from the humidifier, the discharge valve assembly should shut off water flow from the water bottle; (2) when the water bottle is properly seated in the humidifier, the discharge valve assembly should open a fluid flow path so that the water inside the water bottle may flow through the path into the humidifying mechanism. The valve assembly may further serve to stop further discharge of water into the humidifying mechanism when the water level in the humidifying mechanism is at or above a predetermined level.

1 For example, as shown in Figure 1A, typical discharge valve assemblies are often
2 disposed in a cap situated on the bottom portion of the humidifier water bottle 4. Figure
3 1B schematically illustrates a prior art valve assembly 5 situated in a cap 6 for a humidifier
4 water bottle. The cap 6 defines a fluid flow path 7 through which water may flow from
5 inside the bottle to the humidifying mechanism. The cap includes a valve seat 8 with a
6 plunger 9 biased in a closed position via a spring 10. Absent external forces, the bias
7 spring 10 pulls the plunger 9 against the valve seat 8, thereby shutting off water flow from
8 the water bottle 4. When the water bottle is properly seated in the humidifier, a
9 protruding member 11 in the humidifier pushes the plunger 9 upwardly to unseat the
10 plunger 9 and open the fluid flow path 7 and permit water in the water bottle 4 to be
11 discharged into the water tray 2. When the water level in the water tray 2 is at or above
12 the bottom end of the fluid flow path 7, the discharge of water stops, provided, of course,
13 that the water bottle 4 is otherwise sealed.

14 Discharge valve assemblies such as those described above require multiple
15 components, including the cap, plunger and biasing spring. The plunger may further
16 require multiple parts, including a plunger head, stem, bolts, washers, etc. The
17 requirement for multiple components may lead to procurement difficulties and high cost
18 for the parts. The complex process of assembling also results in high manufacturing cost
19 of the valve assembly.

20 The present invention addresses these and other problems associated with prior
21 art.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a simple and economical valve assembly for humidifier water containers or bottles and the like. In accordance with one aspect of the invention, such a valve includes a valve body having a top surface, a bottom surface and a side surface. The valve body defines a passageway therein and is attachable to the container so as to form a sealing contact around the container outlet. A stopper is movable between open and closed positions, such that the stopper substantially prevents fluid flow through the passageway when the stopper is in the closed position, and permits fluid flow through the passageway when the stopper is in the open position. The passageway is in fluid communication with the outlet when the valve body is attached to the container, and the stopper is in the open position. An elastic rib integrally formed with the valve body and the stopper has an adequate length to maintain the stopper in the first position absent external forces.

In accordance with other aspects of the invention, an exemplary valve includes a valve body defining a passageway therein and is attachable to the container so as to form a sealing contact around the outlet. The passageway is in fluid communication with the outlet when the valve body is attached to the container. A flexible barrier is integrally formed with the valve body. The barrier interrupts the passageway and has a slit through its thickness. The barrier is sufficiently resilient to prevent the liquid flow through the slit from the container under the weight of water inside the container.

In accordance with other aspects of the invention, the valve has a flexible member defining a base and a generally cylindrical sidewall extending from the base. A humidifier water container defines an outlet with a generally cylindrical collar. The flexible member

1 is removably received within the collar such that the outer surface of the flexible member
2 sidewall seals against the collar when the base is in a first undeformed position. The
3 sidewall has at least one opening therethrough, and when the base is deformed from the
4 first position, such as by a plunger extending from a humidifier cabinet, the sidewall is
5 pulled away from the collar so as to allow fluid flow through the opening.

6 Another exemplary valve assembly includes a flexible member having first and
7 second ends. The first end is attached to the container or to a cap that attaches to the
8 container. The second end defines a stopper that extends through a water outlet in a
9 sealing relationship. The stopper is positioned to be displaced from the outlet when the
10 container is received in a humidifier mechanism.

11 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

12 Other objects and advantages of the invention will become apparent upon reading
13 the following detailed description and upon reference to the drawings in which:

14 Figures 1A and 1B schematically illustrates aspects of a prior art humidifier and
15 valve assembly;

16 Figure 2 illustrates a discharge valve in accordance with an exemplary embodiment
17 of the present invention;

18 Figures 3A-3C are sectional views schematically illustrating further aspects of the
19 valve shown in Figure 2;

20 Figure 4 shows an exemplary alternative stopper configuration to that shown in
21 Figure 2;

22 Figure 5 illustrates a discharge valve in accordance with another exemplary
23 embodiment of the present invention;

1 Figure 6 illustrates a discharge valve similar to that shown in Figure 5, employing
2 an alternative discharge configuration;

3 Figures 7A and 7B are sectional views illustrating further aspects of a discharge
4 valve such as those shown in Figures 5 and 6;

5 Figures 8A and 8B illustrate alternative discharge slit configurations suitable for a
6 discharge valves such as those shown in Figures 5 and 6;

7 Figures 9A and 9B illustrate a further exemplary embodiment of a discharge valve
8 in accordance with the present invention; and

9 Figure 10 illustrates yet another discharge valve in accordance with aspects of the
10 present invention.

11 While the invention is susceptible to various modifications and alternative forms,
12 specific embodiments thereof have been shown by way of example in the drawings and are
13 herein described in detail. It should be understood, however, that the description herein of
14 specific embodiments is not intended to limit the invention to the particular forms
15 disclosed, but on the contrary, the intention is to cover all modifications, equivalents, and
16 alternatives falling within the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended
17 claims.

18 19 **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

20 Illustrative embodiments of the invention are described below. In the interest of
21 clarity, not all features of an actual implementation are described in this specification. It
22 will of course be appreciated that in the development of any such actual embodiment,
23 numerous implementation-specific decisions must be made to achieve the developers'

specific goals, such as compliance with system-related and business-related constraints, which will vary from one implementation to another. Moreover, it will be appreciated that such a development effort might be complex and time-consuming, but would nonetheless be a routine undertaking for those of ordinary skill in the art having the benefit of this disclosure.

Referring to Figure 2, an illustrative embodiment in accordance with the present invention is illustrated. The discharge valve 15 includes a valve body 20 having a top side 22 and bottom side 24, a stopper 30 and elastic ribs 40 extending from the bottom side of the valve body 20 to the stopper 30. The valve body 20, stopper 30 and elastic ribs 40 are integrally formed from an elastic material such as silicone rubber. The valve body 20 has a hole 26, which serves as a passage way for liquid flow. The valve body 20 is adapted to be attached to a liquid container such as a water bottle 50 with an outlet 52.

When the valve body 20 is attached to the water bottle 50, the valve body forms a sealing contact to the water bottle 50 around the outlet 52. In this illustrative embodiment, the valve body 20 is of a hollow cylindrical shape with a groove 28 formed around the curved surface. The valve body 20 may be attached to the water bottle 50 by placing the valve body 20 inside the outlet 52 so that the groove 28 fits over the water bottle wall 56 surrounding the outlet 52. The size of the valve body 20 and the size of the groove 28 are such that, because of the resiliency of the material used to make the valve 15, a sealing contact is formed between the valve body 20 and the water bottle 50 around the outlet 52.

The stopper 30 is positioned over the hole 26 on the side of the water bottle 50. The ribs 40 are sufficiently short so that absent external forces, the stopper 30 is pulled to

1 a “closed” position against the top surface 22 of the valve body 20, sealing the hole 26 to
2 prevent liquid flow from the water bottle. Such a “closed” position is illustrated in Figure
3 3A. Under sufficient external force, the ribs 40 may be stretched further, and the stopper
4 30 may be pushed away from the valve body 20 to an “open” position to permit liquid
5 flow from the water bottle 50 as shown in Figure 3B. The force may be exerted, for
6 example, by a member 11 protruding upwardly through the hole 26 from a supporting
7 surface when the water bottle 50 is lowered to rest on the supporting surface with the
8 valve located at the bottom of the water bottle 50.

9 The discharge valve 15 illustrated in Figure 2 may be made in essentially two steps.
10 First the valve body 20, the stopper 30 and the elastic ribs 40 are molded as a single piece,
11 with the stopper positioned on the bottom side 24 of the valve body 20, as shown in
12 Figure 3C. Next, the stopper 30 is pushed through the hole 26 on the valve body 20 to
13 above the top surface 22 of the valve body 20 to the position shown in Figure 3A. The
14 elastic ribs 40 are sufficiently short so that they must be stretched at least slightly in order
15 to push the stopper 30 to above the top surface 22 of the valve body 20.

16 An alternative stopper configuration is illustrated in Figure 4, in which the elastic
17 ribs 40 connect a centrally located stem 31 to the stopper 32. The stem 31 and stopper 32
18 are shown in their “as molded” positions in solid lines in Figure 4. As described above in
19 conjunction with Figures 3A and 3C, the discharge valve is molded as a single piece, with
20 the stem 31 and stopper 32 located below the valve body 20. The stem 31 and stopper 32
21 are rotated and pushed through the hole 26 to the sealing position, shown in broken lines
22 in Figure 4. The elastic ribs 40 provide the sealing down force on the stopper 32 via the
23 stem 31

Referring to Figure 5, in another illustrative embodiment in accordance with the present invention, the discharge valve 100 includes a valve body 120 and a flexible barrier 130 integrally formed with the valve body 120. The valve body 120 is adapted to be attached to a liquid container such as a water bottle 150 with an outlet 152 and form a sealing contact to the water bottle around the outlet 152 in the same way as the valve body 20 in the illustrative embodiment shown and described in conjunction with in Figure 2. Other structures may be employed to achieve the same purposes. For example, the valve body 220, illustrated in Figure 6, is a cap-like structure that is integrally formed with a flexible barrier 230 and is tightly fitted over a ridge 254 around the outlet 252 of the water bottle 250.

The flexible barrier 130 or 230 has a slit 140 or 240 cut through the thickness of the barrier. The flexible barrier 130 or 230, which may be fabricated from an elastic material such as silicone rubber, is sufficiently resilient so that absent other external forces, the water inside the water bottle 150 or 250 cannot escape through the slit. Under sufficient force, the barrier 130 or 230 may be deformed to a sufficient degree to open the slit to permit liquid flow from the water bottle 150 or 250. Figures 7A and 7B schematically illustrate the flexible barrier 130 in the closed and open positions, respectively. The force may be exerted, for example, by a member 11 protruding upward from a supporting surface in the humidifier when the water bottle 150 is lowered to rest on the supporting surface with the valve located at the bottom of the water bottle 150.

The slit may define any of several shapes. It may be H-shaped, as shown in Figure 5, or C-shaped with short cut segments 244 and 246 at the end of the C-segment 242 as shown in Figure 6, to increase the rate of discharge. Figures 8A and 8B illustrate

1 other exemplary slit shapes, including a straight cut and multiple T-shaped cuts,
2 respectively.

3 Figures 9A and 9B illustrate yet another discharge valve in accordance with
4 aspects of the present invention. The discharge valve 300 includes a flexible cap 320 that
5 defines one or more openings 322 extending through the sidewall 324 of the cap 320. The
6 sidewall 320 is generally cylindrical in shape. The flexible cap may be fabricated out of
7 any suitable flexible material, such as silicone rubber. In a "closed" position, the sidewall
8 324 seals against the bottle 350 as shown in Figure 9A. The bottle 350 typically includes
9 an outlet 352 defining a cylindrical collar 354 therearound, wherein the sidewall 324 seals
10 against the collar 354. Figure 9B illustrates the cap 322 (only one half of the cap 322 is
11 shown for clarity) as deformed by the member 11 protruding from the humidifier cabinet .
12 The upward force exerted by the member 11 rotates the sidewall 324 away from the bottle
13 350, thus allowing the discharge of water through the opening 322. Any suitable number
14 of openings 322 may be formed in the sidewall 324.

15 A further discharge valve is shown in Figure 10, in which a flexible one-piece
16 stopper 400 is attached to the bottom portion of a cap 405 or alternatively, directly to a
17 humidifier bottle 450. Again, the stopper 400 may be fabricated from any suitable elastic
18 material, such as silicone rubber. In the exemplary embodiment illustrated in Figure 10,
19 the stopper 400 is attached to the bottle 450 via a bulb 410 extending through an opening
20 412 in the bottle 450. The bulb 410 is of a shape and size to self-seal when situated in the
21 hole 412. A stopper portion 420 extends through a second hole 422 to prevent water
22 from leaving the bottle 450 when in a closed position. Hydrostatic pressure on the upper
23 side 430 stopper 400 seals the stopper portion 420 in the hole 422. When positioned in a

1 humidifier, the protruding member 11 (not shown in Figure 10) exerts a force against the
 2 stopper portion 420, displacing it from the hole 422 and breaking the seal, allowing water
 3 to exit the bottle 450.

4 Thus, the present invention provides benefits over prior art valves used for
 5 dispensing water into humidifiers, including simplicity and reduced cost. The particular
 6 embodiments disclosed above are illustrative only, as the invention may be modified and
 7 practiced in different but equivalent manners apparent to those skilled in the art having the
 8 benefit of the teachings herein. Furthermore, no limitations are intended to the details of
 9 construction or design herein shown, other than as described in the claims below. It is
 10 therefore evident that the particular embodiments disclosed above may be altered or
 11 modified and all such variations are considered within the scope and spirit of the invention.
 12 Accordingly, the protection sought herein is as set forth in the claims below.